



The FANTOM Scaffold

**Expanding the use of Fantom BRS in worldwide markets:
REVA's global clinical trial programme and beyond**

Gregg W. Stone MD

Columbia University Medical Center

The Cardiovascular Research Foundation



Potential conflicts of interest

Speaker's name: Dr. Gregg W. Stone

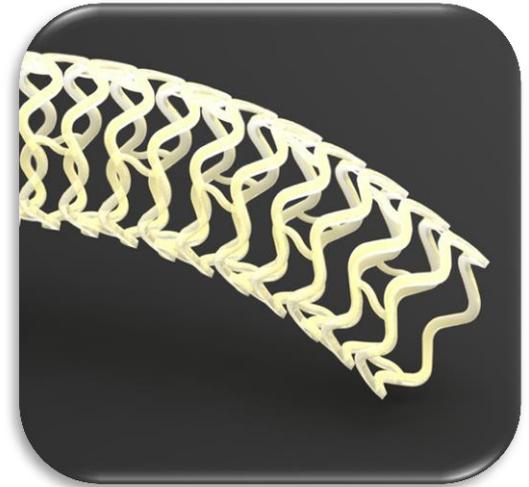
I have the following potential conflicts of interest to report:

Consultant to REVA Medical, Inc.

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Clinical Programs & Beyond

- **Clinical Trials that have Reached Their Primary Endpoint**
- **New Clinical Programs: Now Enrolling**
- **Planned Future Clinical Programs**
- **New Product Advancements**
- **Potential Product Applications**



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Clinical Trials that have Reached Their Primary Endpoint

- **FANTOM I**

- 7 patient single center pilot study
- Primary endpoint
 - Ischemic-driven target lesion revascularization (TLR) at 6 months
- Outcomes

MACE @ 12 months	OCT imaging @ 4 months	Scaffold Thrombosis @ 24 months
0% MACE No ID-TLR Primary endpoint met	99% strut coverage	0% ST

- Status
 - All patients now beyond 24-month follow-up; data analysis in process
 - Continued follow-up through 60 months ongoing

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Clinical Trials that have Reached Their Primary Endpoint

- FANTOM II (cohorts A and B)**

- 240 patient multi-center safety and performance study
- Primary endpoints
 - Major Adverse Cardiac Events (MACE) and Late Lumen Loss at 6 Months
- Outcomes

Primary Endpoints / OCT Imaging	Secondary Endpoints
2.1% MACE through 6-month follow-up	4.2% MACE through 12-month follow-up
Late Lumen Loss 0.17 mm in-segment (0.25 mm in-scaffold) at 6 months	0.4% Scaffold Thrombosis (1 event) with more than 150 patients through 18-month follow-up
> 98% scaffold coverage at 6 months by OCT	

- Status

- All patients now beyond 12-month follow-up
- Serial imaging sub-study analysis ongoing (cohort A: 24M, cohort B: 48M)
- Continued follow-up through 60 months ongoing

New Clinical Programs: Enrolling More Complex Patients

- **FANTOM II (Cohort C) – Long Lesions / Multiple Vessels**
 - 50 patient multicenter study
 - Population
 - Patients with lesions >20 mm in length requiring two or more scaffolds in the same vessel, and patients requiring treatment of multiple lesions in more than one vessel
 - Primary Endpoints
 - Major Adverse Cardiac Events (MACE) at 6 Months
 - Late Lumen Loss at 6 Months
 - Status
 - Initiated April 2017, enrollment ongoing

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New Clinical Programs: Enrolling AMI Patients

- **FANTOM AMI**

- 20 patient single center pilot study
- Primary Endpoint
 - Procedural success defined as acute angiographic success without in-hospital MACE
- Secondary Endpoints
 - QCA and OCT serial imaging assessments at 6, 18 and 36 months
- Status
 - Initiated May 2017, enrollment ongoing

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Planned Future Clinical Programs

- **FANTOM III (US Pivotal Trial)**
 - Randomized controlled multicenter study
 - Sample size: 1800 – 2200 patients
 - Control: Metallic drug-eluting stent
 - Primary Endpoint:
 - Target Lesion Failure (TLF) at 12 months (non-inferiority)
 - Secondary Endpoints (tentative):
 - QCA & OCT derived parameters at 3 years
 - Status
 - Currently in active discussions with FDA on study design
 - Planned Initiation: Q1/Q2 2018



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Planned Future Clinical Programs

- **FANTOM Japan**

- Trial design currently in early planning phase
- Typical pivotal trial design
 - Randomized controlled multi-center study
 - Sample size: 350 - 400 patients
 - Control: Metallic drug-eluting stent
 - Primary Endpoint: Target Lesion Failure at 12 Months
- Status
 - Actively evaluating trial design options



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New Product Advancements

- **Fantom Gen 2**

- Advanced Fantom scaffold with sub-100 micron strut thickness
- Designed for use in smaller vessels (≤ 2.5 mm)
 - First product size 2.5 mm diameter in multiple lengths
- Status
 - Actively qualifying design enhancements
- Planned introduction
 - Q1/Q2 2018; pending regulatory approval



- **FANTOM Peripheral**
 - Fantom scaffold with design features needed for peripheral applications
 - Design Considerations
 - Evaluating potential use in SFA application
 - Evaluating potential use in BTK application
 - Status
 - Actively qualifying design enhancements



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Global Clinical Trial Programme and Device Development Conclusions

- **Fantom has demonstrated initial device safety through 12 months**
 - 4.2% MACE
 - 0.4% scaffold thrombosis
- **Good late lumen loss, with excellent strut coverage at 6 months**
 - 0.17 mm in-segment, 0.25 mm in-scaffold
 - >98% scaffold coverage at 6 months by OCT
- **Fantom clinical program & product development expanding**
 - Expanding geographical approvals
 - Evaluating coronary and non-coronary indication expansion
 - Evaluating design enhancements (e.g. thinner struts)